



ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF THE ANNEXES TO THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

CLAIMS

- 1. Using neurotoxic substances in preparing an agent treating joint pain.
- 5 2. Application as defined in claim 1, characterized in that the neurotoxic substances are predominantly toxic to pain-conducting (nociceptive) nerve fibers.
 - 3. Application defined in either of claims 1 and 2, characterized in that the neurotoxic substances are selected from that group which is toxic to axons and the nociceptive nerve endings.
 - 4. Application as claimed in one of claims 1 through 3, characterized in that the neurotoxic substances are less neurotoxic to motor and propioceptive nerve fibers than they are to sensitive nerve fibers.

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- 5. Application as claimed in one of claims 1 through 4, characterized in that the neurotoxic substances are local anesthetics or mixtures of several local anesthetics.
- 6. Application as claimed in claim 5, characterized in that the local anesthetic is used jointly with an acidic additive lowering the pH value.
 - 7. Application as claimed in claim 6, characterized in that the additive is a bisulfite, preferably sodium bisulfite (NaHSO₃).

- 38. Application as claimed in one of claims 1 through 37, characterized in that the neurotoxic substances for purposes of denerving and neurolysis are used in the degeneratively diseased joints.
- 39. Application as claimed in one of claims 1 through 37, characterized in that a permeation enhancer, preferably dimethyl sulfoxide, is used in addition to the neurotoxic substances.
- 40. A method for treating joint pain, characterized in that a neurotoxic substance is injected into the intra-capsular region or into the joint's synovial pouch of the pain-afflicted joint.
 - 41. Method for treating joint pain as claimed in claim 40, characterized in that the neurotoxic substance is dissolved in a bio-compatible solvent and in that preferably a liquid volume of 0.1 to 150 ml is injected into the intra-capsular region or into the joint synovial pouch of the pain-afflicted joint.
 - 42. Method as claimed in either of claims 40 and 41, characterized in that the nociceptive nerve fibers are rendered pain-insensitive by the neurotoxic substance for at least 14 days, preferably at least 8 weeks.

43. Method as claimed in one of claims 40 through 42, characterized in that the neurotoxic substance is used at a concentration entailing neurolysis.

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